

The OpenSavanna Modelling Initiative: Supporting ecosystem modelling for adaptive management

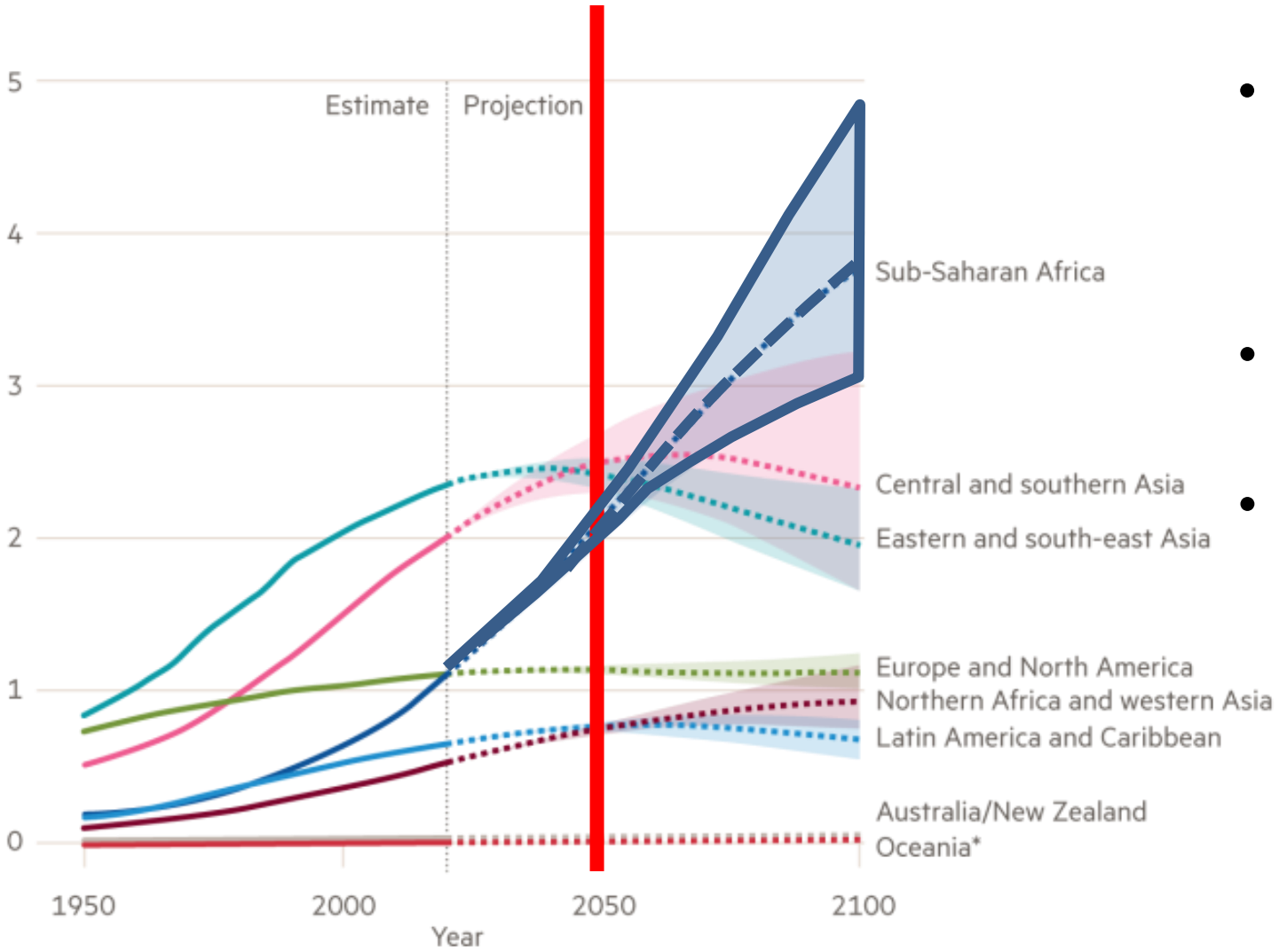
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Future Savanna Challenge: Projected Population

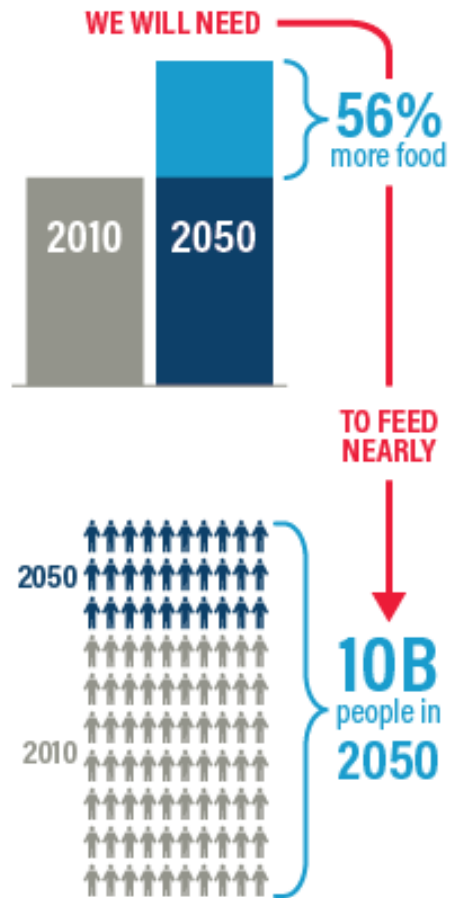


- 2018: 55% is Urban
- 2050: 68% is Urban
- 2050: Nigeria population will exceed USA

*Excluding Australia and New Zealand
 Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs

CREATING A SUSTAINABLE FOOD FUTURE BY 2050

How do we feed 10 billion people...



...without using more land...
...while lowering emissions?

Too Slow!
Too Complicated!
Too Uncertain!
Too Expensive!

and...We have to change our habits?

Let's just find more land...

WE NEED TO PREVENT AGRICULTURE FROM EXPANDING
WE CAN LOWER EMISSIONS

we currently use 30% of the world's vegetable land for agriculture
-67%
2010 2050

TECHNOLOGY LIKE
Improved feeds
Plant-based burgers
Resilient crop breeds

TO SAVE AN AREA OF FORESTS NEARLY 2X the size of India

More People, No problem! Plow up the Guinea Savanna! (World Bank)

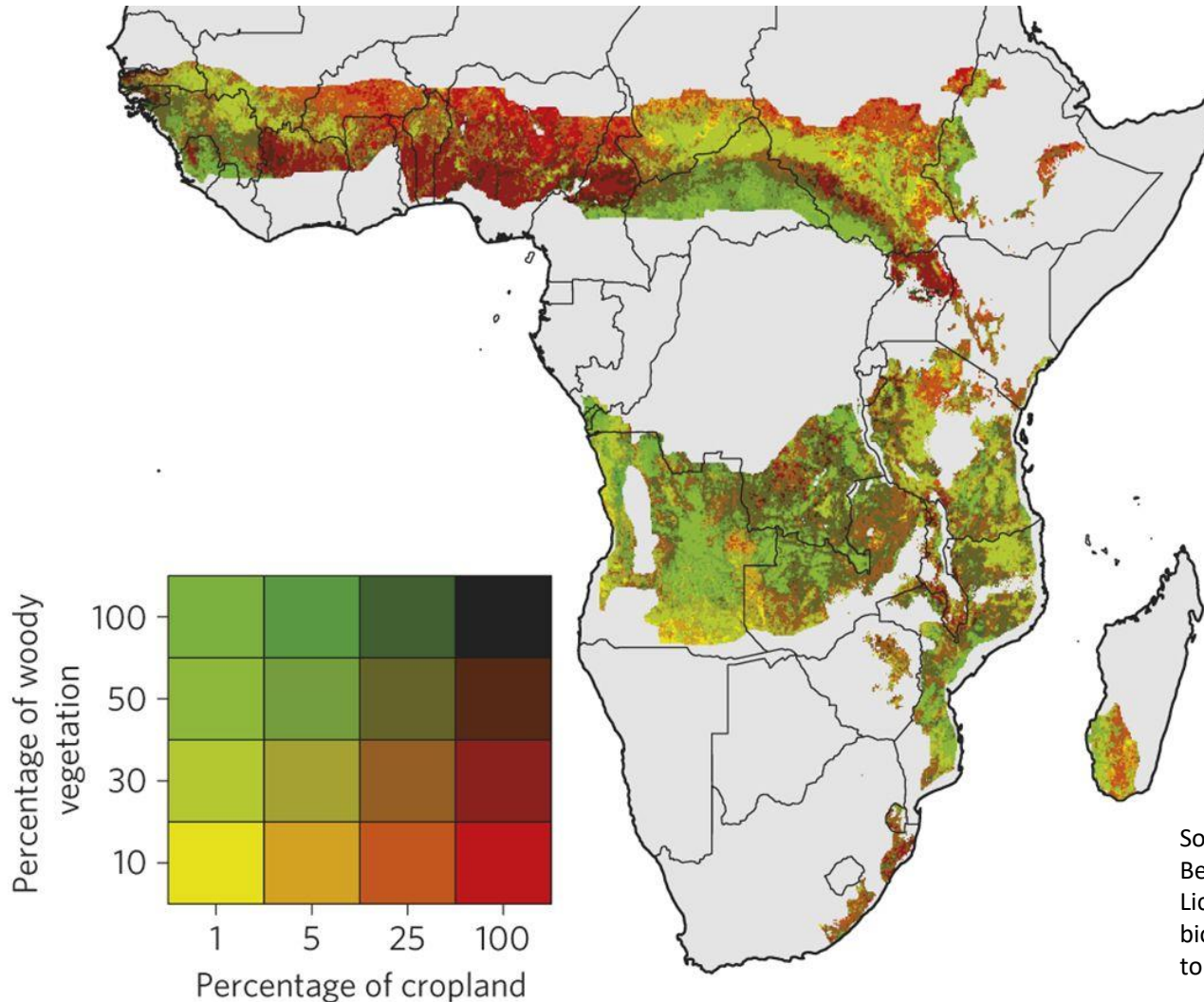


- Rainfall > 600mm
- 600M ha of which 400M can be used for agriculture
- Low conversion costs
- < 10% is cropped
- **Create “game changers” like NE Thailand and the Brazilian Cerrado!**

Source: Morris, M., Binswanger-Mkhize, H.P. and Byerlee, D., 2009. Awakening Africa's sleeping giant: prospects for commercial agriculture in the Guinea Savannah Zone and beyond. The World Bank.

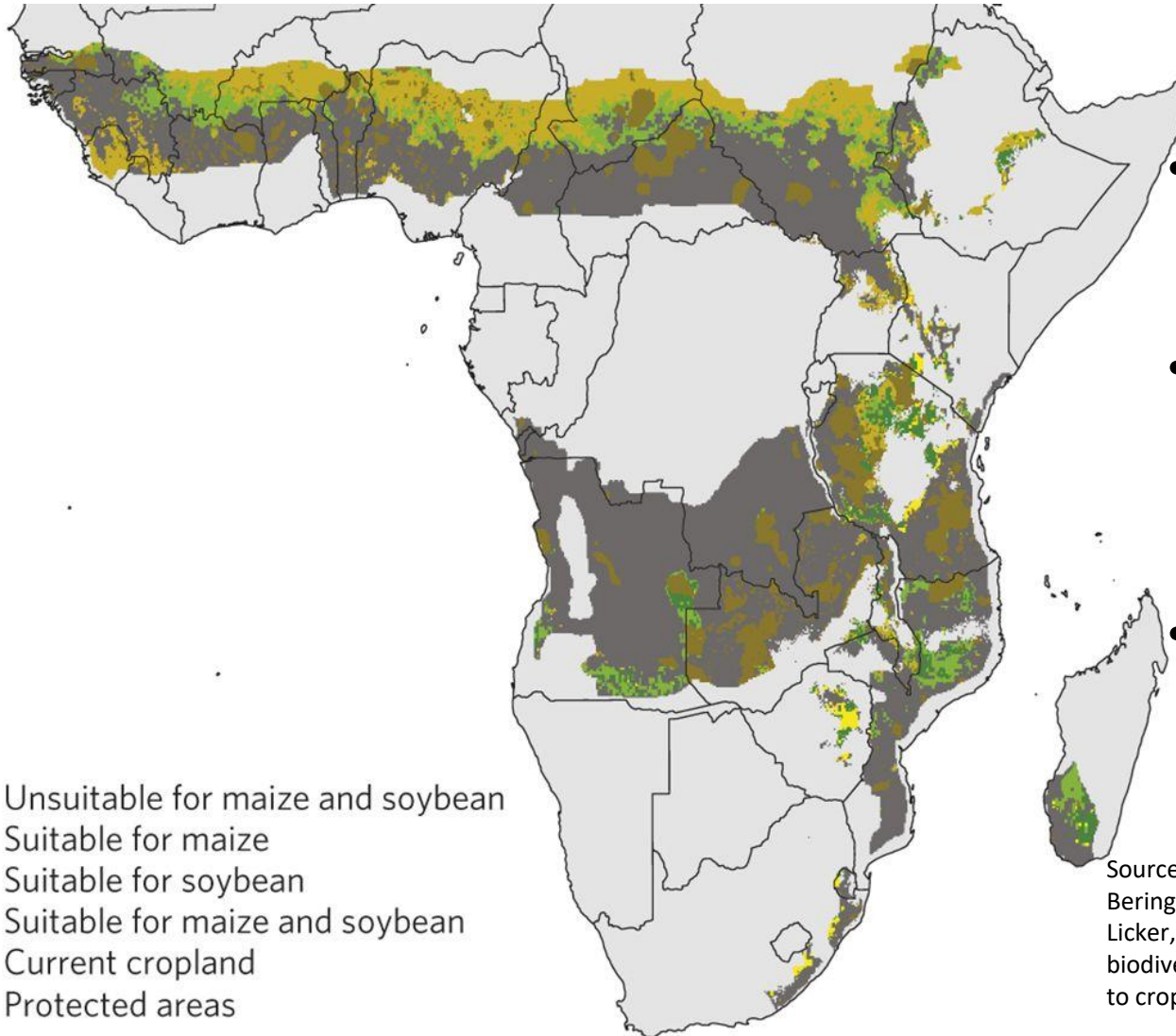
Not so fast...

- Significant land uses already (wetlands, protected, crops and grazing..)
- More trees than you think (significant C costs!)
- Very significant biodiversity losses in conversion!



Source: Searchinger, T.D., Estes, L., Thornton, P.K., Beringer, T., Notenbaert, A., Rubenstein, D., Heimlich, R., Licker, R. and Herrero, M., 2015. High carbon and biodiversity costs from converting Africa's wet savannahs to cropland. *Nature Climate Change*, 5(5), pp.481-486.

Suitable for ? ...



- Crop yields not as good as you might think!
- Especially for maize and soybeans!
- And ... Did we mention the biodiversity loses?
- Worth it?

Source: Searchinger, T.D., Estes, L., Thornton, P.K., Beringer, T., Notenbaert, A., Rubenstein, D., Heimlich, R., Licker, R. and Herrero, M., 2015. High carbon and biodiversity costs from converting Africa's wet savannahs to cropland. *Nature Climate Change*, 5(5), pp.481-486.

OpenSAVANNA Modelling Initiative

- Model Intercomparison Projects save time, money and break down barriers (both institutional and disciplinary)
 - **AgMIP** (Detailed crop models, similar to DVGMs)
 - **FireMIP** (Large-scale Fire & DVGM models)
 - Climate models (IPCC)
- **Can meso-scale models be intercompared for specific sites?**
 - How can we position our park/region to mitigate adverse changes?
 - What can we control or change?
 - What must we accept as the “new normal”?

OpenSavanna: Free and Available Configured Models and Base Datasets

- Open-source modeling sites, free and prepared
 - **SAVANNA** (Grid-based, mechanistic savanna ecosystem)
 - **QnD** (agent-based model, based on Baxter & Getz, 2005)
 - **MARS ? Others?**
- Sites prepared with open-source spacio-temporal data (CHIRPS, SRTM, HWSD, RS-based LU/TC/NPP, Etc...)
 - Can be checked further with your own detailed/proprietary data
 - **Provides a safe, efficient starting point ...**

Free and Available Configured Models and Base Datasets

African Savanna Parks:

1. **Kruger National Park @1 km grid** with fluctuating herbivores and predators (ie more detailed than the current version at @5 km grid and stable herb pops)
2. **Hluhluwe-Imfolozi Park**
3. **Serengeti National Park**-Configured, but needs expanded migration code
4. **Okavango/Chobe/Linyati**
5. **Mpala Research Station + Nearby Game Farms (Laikipia, Kenya)** for wildlife and pastoralist access simulation
6. **Gorongosa NP @1 km grid**, herbivore population recovery + veg dynamics
7. **Itala Game Reserve**

Canadian National Parks: (just beginning)

1. **Elk Island National Park**
2. **Prince Albert National Park**
3. **Grasslands National Park**

Livestock Savanna Areas: (through our USAID/ILRI collaboration)

1. **Nkayi District, Zimbabwe** (Communal mixed crop/livestock production)
2. **Dirre/Borana, (southern) Ethiopia** (nomadic/settled pastoral production)

OpenSavanna: Take Home Message

- **Free Stuff!**
 - Freely available model configurations & input data, output data
 - Model Source Code, R scripts, Python code, if you want it.
- Developing **open online courses** on (a) Landscape-Scale Modeling and (b) Agent-Based Modeling using the OpenSavanna sites as examples
- Collaboration mechanism(s)
 - Graduate Students: Paper/chapter within a PhD
 - PostDocs/Profs/Managers: Part of a funding proposal
- [Interested? gkiker@ufl.edu](mailto:gkiker@ufl.edu)

Thank You for Your Attention Questions at the Break???

